T

178 mail by automobile (it was brought from Saparua
205 by boat before), and until it broke down just
377 before the last war the Radja had an electricity
489 plant run on gasoline. It is still in a shed in his yard. He sold current at so much per watt. Thus if you used a 60 watt bulb, the price would be fl. 6.00 per month. Not more than one hundred houses had electricity, and there could not have been much expansion because
[342] the plant was small. There are still no tin
[206] roofs at all. There is still no telegraph. In all, there is little change.

286 Before the war evidently there was no weaving
177 and no memory of weaving, but the Japanese brought in a few small looms and some of the women still use these for making tablecloths from pineapple fiber thread. He said they do not have a comb in the loom, but he probably doesn't know much about this. Anyway, weaving is no art here. The only kind of spinning done is that of pineapple fiber into thread and this is done only rarely.

323 There is no pottery making here and evidently no good earth for ceramics. Such earth is found in Saparua.

326 There are two smiths, one from Tulehu and the other a Javan. I visited the shop of one. They make bush knives (parang) and small parts.

[335] There are many carpenters in Tulehu. There is no gold and silver work done locally. Traveling smiths come from Saparua for this type of work.

287 There is no bark cloth here today and no memory of it.

262 So far as diet is concerned there have been
178 some innovations in the last half century. Butter is new and so is cheese. The children
[853] use very little milk. If the mother is dry, a wet nurse is employed.